

OSTEOCEPHALUS LANGSDORFFII. BRAZIL: SÃO PAULO: ITIRAPINA: 22°13'52"S, 47°51'11"W, 770 m elev. 15 October 1998. M. T. Almeida and R. Nunes. Collection Célio F. B. Haddad, deposited in Departamento de Zoologia da Universidade Estadual Paulista. Rio Claro, SP; Brazil. (CFB 2980, adult male). Verified by C. F. B. Haddad. Extends known range ca. 76 km NW from Poá Municipality, São Paulo (Cochran 1955, Bull. U.S. Natl. Mus. 206:73–75).

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OTOPHRYNE PYBURNI. VENEZUELA: ESTADO AMAZONAS: Parima B, Sierra Parima, 1100 m elevation. 7 August 1986. J. Chiappino. Museo de la Estación Biológica Rancho Grande. Maracay, Venezuela (EBRG 1868). Upper Cuao River. 30 August 1987. S. Zent. EBRG 1872. Apepada, Upper Ventuari River, 28 June 1980. M. Colchester. EBRG 1905. All verified by Gilson Rivas. This recently described species (Campbell and Clarke 1998, *Herpetologica* 54:301–317) has been reported formerly as *Otophryne robusta* in southern Venezuela by McDiarmid and Paolillo (1988, *In* Brewer-Carmas (ed.), *Cerro de la Neblina, Resultados de la Expedición 1983–1987*. FUDECI, Caracas) and by Rivero (1967, *Carib. J. Sci.* 7:145–154). EBRG 1872 represents the northernmost known locality for the species, 500 km NW of the previous northernmost report, Ugueto, upper Orinoco (Rivero 1967, *op. cit.*).

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OTOPHRYNE STEYERMARKI. VENEZUELA: ESTADO BOLÍVAR: Río Marajano, Meseta de Jaua. 1800 m elev. 2 March 1974. P. A. Bermúdez. Museo de la Estación Biológica Rancho Grande, Maracay, Venezuela (EBRG 0008). Verified by Gilson Rivas. Elevated to specific status by Campbell and Clarke (1998, *Herpetologica* 54:301–317), previously considered a subspecies of *Otophryne robusta* (Rivero 1967, *Carib. J. Sci.* 7:155–158). Until now, this species has been considered endemic to the Chimanta massif in southern Venezuelan Guayana (Gorzula 1985, *Herpetol. Rev.* 16:102–103; Gorzula 1992, *In* O. Huber [ed.], *El Macizo del Chimanta*. Oscar Todtmann Editores, Caracas, Venezuela). Extends known distribution of species 250 km to the WSW, displaying a wider distribution through the pantepui region.

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PSEUDACRIS BRACHYPHONA (Mountain Chorus Frog). USA: TENNESSEE: HARDIN CO: Shiloh National Military Park, temporary pond near Indian Mounds. 7 March 1998. APSU Color Slide 5585. Verified by William H. N. Gutzke. Found calling from a temporary pond at 2000 h. Conditions at time of collection were 10°C and rainy. Extends range westward to the eastern portion of the Coastal Plain of western Tennessee (Conant and Collins 1991, *Peterson Field Guide to Reptiles and Amphibians of Eastern and Central North America*. Third Ed. Houghton Mifflin Co., Boston, Massachusetts, pp. 329–330). Provides first evidence of the species west of Marion County in Tennessee (Redmond and Scott 1996, *Atlas of*

Tennessee Amphibians. Center for Field Biol. Austin Peay St. Univ. Misc. Publ. 12:1–94).

Submitted by **CRAIG D. WILMHOF, LIN WILLIAMS, RONALD MACDONALD, SHARON FISHER, and JOLENE SLOTHOUBER**, Department of Biology, University of Memphis, Memphis, Tennessee 38152, USA.

RANA PALUSTRIS (Pickerel Frog). USA: TEXAS: SABINE CO: 16.1 km S Hemphill. 26 April 1969. Dennis Spence. SMBU 9063. Verified by Stephen L. Williams. First record for county (Dixon 1987, *Amphibians and Reptiles of Texas*, Texas A & M Univ. Press 434 pp.; Dixon 1997, *Texas Herpetol. Soc. Spec. Publ.* 3:1–14).

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SAURIA

ANOLIS CRISTATELLUS (Puerto Rican Crested Anole). USA: FLORIDA: BREVARD CO: on grounds of Riverside Inn (formerly Howard Johnson's Inn) on U.S. Rt. 1, ca 2.4 km S jct. of Florida Rt. 402 and U.S. Rt. 1 (28°35'61"N, 80°48'08"W). 4 August 1998. Benjamin J. Seigel. LSUMZ 80413. Verified by Brian I. Crother and Frank Burbrink. New county record; extends range ca. 310 km N of localities in Dade County (Wilson and Porras 1983, *Univ. Kansas Mus. Nat. Hist. Spec. Publ.* 9:1–89) and represents the second Florida county in which this introduced species is known to occur (Walter Meshaka, pers. comm.). No other specimens were found in two subsequent visits to this site, but local residents report having seen similar lizards in recent months.

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CROTAPHYTUS COLLARIS (Eastern Collared Lizard). USA: ARIZONA: PINAL CO: N slope Gold Mine Mountain, Santan Mountains, 33°11'05"N, 111°38'24"W. 3 June 1999. Matthew Flowers and Brian K. Sullivan (BKS 1125; LSUMZ 80951). Verified by Jim McGuire. Adult male in rocky, Arizona Upland Biotic Community, 520 m elev. Extends range 35 km SW of previous locality in the Superstition Mountains, and documents taxon in low elevation Sonoran Desert, within 25 km of *C. nebrivus* (Sacaton Mountains).

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CYRTOPODION KOTSCHYI (Kotschy's Gecko). HUNGARY: SOMOGY COUNTY: Siofok municipality, Balatonszeplak-felso. August 1998. G. Koszegi. Verified by Zoltan Korsos. Hungarian Natural History Museum (HNHM photographs F-98/1–6, three individuals). First country record. This species is not a native member of the Hungarian herpetofauna. Specimens of Bulgarian origin were released by an amateur herpetologist in his house in 1985, which resulted in the establishment of a viable and reproducing colony. Current numbers are believed to be less than a few dozen individuals. Another colony was introduced to a house wall in Budapest Municipality, District 11, Budaorsiu, by another hobby-