

NOROPS BIPORCATUS (NCN). VENEZUELA: ESTADO MÉRIDA: Hacienda Mesa de Los Negros, Las Virtudes, 600 m elev. Museo de Historia Natural La Salle, Caracas, Venezuela (MHNLS 8012 and 8491, both adult females, each with one enlarged oviductal egg). S. Boher. 30 December 1979 and 15 August 1980. Verified by C. R. Molina. First state record and easternmost for the species, extending its distribution 170 km NE from the nearest locality, La Fría in Táchira state (Williams 1966. *Breviora* 239:1–14). This green anole has a wide distribution in Central America, from México to Panamá (Savage 2002. *The Amphibians and Reptiles of Costa Rica: a Herpetofauna Between Two Continents, Between Two Seas*. University of Chicago Press, Chicago, Illinois. 934 pp.) and extending to northern South America, through Chocoan Colombia and Ecuador, west of the Andes, but also extending to northeast Colombia, reaching the Maracaibo Basin in Venezuela. In Venezuela the species was formerly known from two localities in two different states, Zulia (Perijá: Kasmera and misión El Tokuko) and Táchira (see Williams 1966, *op. cit.*).

Submitted by **GILSON RIVAS FUENMAYOR**, Museo de Historia Natural La Salle, Apartado Postal 1930, Caracas 1010-A, Venezuela (e-mail: anolis30@hotmail.com), and **CÉSAR LUIS BARRIO-AMORÓS**, Fundación AndígenA, Apartado Postal 210, Mérida 5101-A, Venezuela (e-mail: cesarlba@yahoo.com).